Single-shot General Hyperparameter Optimization for Federated Learning

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Federated Model Training

- Multiple clients
- Orchestrating aggregator
- Multiple rounds of communication
- Fixed hyperparameter $oldsymbol{ heta}\inoldsymbol{\Theta}$



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- Generate initial design
- Train & score models for each HP
- Iteratively (until budget consumed)
 - Create loss surface from model scores
 - Select next HP minimizing loss surface
 - Train & score model for HP



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Multi-shot Federated Hyperparameter Optimization



- Significant communication overhead
- Computationally infeasible





Per-client independent local HPO



Collect loss surfaces at the aggregator

<u>FLoRA</u>: <u>F</u>ederated <u>Lo</u>ss Su<u>r</u>face <u>Aggregation</u>



Aggregate loss surfaces & select most promising HP



Single federated model training with selected HP

Advantages

- Single-shot: Single federated training needed
- Agnostic to machine learning model type
- No "weight-sharing" requirement
- Low additional communication overhead



 $ilde{\ell}(\widehat{\boldsymbol{ heta}}^{\star},\mathcal{D}) = ilde{\ell}(\boldsymbol{ heta}^{\star},\mathcal{D})$ **Optimal loss FLoRA** loss

$$\begin{split} \tilde{\ell}(\widehat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}^{\star}, \mathcal{D}) &- \tilde{\ell}(\boldsymbol{\theta}^{\star}, \mathcal{D}) \\ \hline \mathbf{FLoRA\,loss} & \mathbf{Optimal\,loss} \\ \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \tilde{\ell}(\widehat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}^{\star}, \mathcal{D}) &- \tilde{\ell}(\boldsymbol{\theta}^{\star}, \mathcal{D}) \\ \textbf{FLORA loss} \quad \textbf{Optimal loss} \quad \textbf{Optimality} \\ \leq \max_{\boldsymbol{\theta} \in \widehat{\boldsymbol{\Theta}}} \sum_{i \in [p]} C_{\boldsymbol{\alpha}} \left\{ C_{\beta} \sum_{j \in [p], j \neq i} w_j \mathcal{W}_1(\mathcal{D}_j, \mathcal{D}_i) \\ &+ C_{\tilde{L}, \hat{L}_i} \min_{t \in [T]} d(\boldsymbol{\theta}, \boldsymbol{\theta}_t^{(i)}) + \delta_i \end{split} \end{split}$$

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Empirical Performance

- Gradient boosted trees, support vector machines, and neural networks
- 7 OpenML datasets and all loss surface aggregation schemes
- Improved performance over single-shot baseline, APLM performs best

Aggregate	ML Method	SGM	SGM+U	MPLM	APLM
FLoRA	HGB	6/0/1	6/0/1	7/0/0	7/0/0
Wins/Ties/Losses	SVM	4/0/2	4/0/2	3/0/3	5/0/1
	MLP	6/0/1	4/1/2	5/1/1	6/0/1
	Overall	16/0/4	14/1/5	15/1/4	18/0/2

Empirical Performance

- Gradient boosted trees with 3
 OpenML datasets
- Number of parties and data heterogeneity increased
- Performance drops as heterogeneity increases
- MPLM and APLM show most robust performance and graceful degradation

Data	p	γ_p	SGM	SGM+U	MPLM	APLM
EEG	3	1.01	0.14	0.12	0.11	0.12
14980 rows	10	1.03	0.08	0.00	0.16	0.01
	25	1.08	0.35	0.92	0.17	0.04
	50	1.20	0.20	0.23	0.67	0.12
Electricity	3	1.01	0.17	0.14	0.09	0.12
45312 rows	10	1.02	0.03	0.06	0.32	0.14
	25	1.04	0.40	0.42	1.42	0.89
	50	1.07	1.57	1.57	0.89	1.13
	100	1.14	1.45	1.47	0.48	1.11
Pollen	3	1.02	0.43	0.54	0.43	0.69
3848 rows	6	1.10	1.02	0.91	0.54	0.56
	10	1.16	1.05	0.73	0.75	1.12

Empirical Performance

- Gradient boosted trees with 7
 OpenML datasets and APLM
- Comparison against singleshot and multi-shot baseline
- Improved performance over single-shot baselines
- Lower communication overhead compared to multishot for same performance



Conclusion

Novel capabilities of FLoRA

- Single-shot
- ML model agnostic
- Rigorous theoretical guarantees
- Strong empirical performance

Limitations

- Doesn't apply to HPs absent in local HPO
- Aggregator HPs not handled



Thank you

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